

## 32.09

13/04/2017  
VC136

## NEIGHBOURHOOD RESIDENTIAL ZONE

Shown on the planning scheme map as **NRZ** with a number (if shown).

### Purpose

To implement the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.

To recognise areas of predominantly single and double storey residential development.

To manage and ensure that development respects the identified neighbourhood character, heritage, environmental or landscape characteristics.

To allow educational, recreational, religious, community and a limited range of other non-residential uses to serve local community needs in appropriate locations.

## 32.09-1

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### Neighbourhood character objectives

A schedule to this zone must contain the neighbourhood, heritage, environment or landscape character objectives to be achieved for the area.

## 32.09-2

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### Table of uses

#### Section 1 - Permit not required

Use	Condition
<b>Animal keeping (other than Animal boarding)</b>	Must be no more than 2 animals.
<b>Bed and breakfast</b>	No more than 10 persons may be accommodated away from their normal place of residence.  At least 1 car parking space must be provided for each 2 persons able to be accommodated away from their normal place of residence.
<b>Dependent person's unit</b>	Must be the only dependent person's unit on the lot.
<b>Dwelling (other than Bed and breakfast)</b>	
<b>Home occupation</b>	
<b>Informal outdoor recreation</b>	
<b>Medical centre</b>	The gross floor area of all buildings must not exceed 250 square metres.  Must be located in an existing building.  The site must adjoin, or have access to, a road in a Road Zone.  Must not require a permit under clause 52.06-3.
<b>Minor utility installation</b>	
<b>Place of worship</b>	The gross floor area of all buildings must not exceed 250 square metres.

<b>Use</b>	<b>Condition</b>
	The site must adjoin, or have access to, a road in a Road Zone.  Must not require a permit under clause 52.06-3.
<b>Railway</b>	
<b>Residential aged care facility</b>	
<b>Tramway</b>	
<b>Any use listed in clause 62.01</b>	Must meet the requirements of Clause 62.01.

## **Section 2 - Permit required**

<b>Use</b>	<b>Condition</b>
<b>Accommodation (other than Dependent person's unit, Dwelling and Residential aged care facility)</b>	
<b>Agriculture (other than Animal keeping, Animal training, Apiculture, Horse stables and Intensive animal husbandry)</b>	
<b>Animal keeping (other than Animal boarding) – if the Section 1 condition is not met</b>	Must be no more than 5 animals.
<b>Car park</b>	Must be used in conjunction with another use in Section 1 or 2.
<b>Car wash</b>	The site must adjoin, or have access to, a road in a Road Zone.
<b>Community market</b>	
<b>Convenience restaurant</b>	The site must adjoin, or have access to, a road in a Road Zone.
<b>Convenience shop</b>	The leasable floor area must not exceed 80 square metres.
<b>Food and drink premises (other than Convenience restaurant and Take away food premises)</b>	
<b>Leisure and recreation (other than Informal outdoor recreation and Motor racing track)</b>	
<b>Place of assembly (other than Amusement parlour, Carnival, Circus, Nightclub and Place of worship)</b>	
<b>Plant nursery</b>	
<b>Service station</b>	The site must either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Adjoin a commercial zone or industrial zone.</li> <li>▪ Adjoin, or have access to, a road in a Road Zone.</li> </ul> The site must not exceed either: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 3000 square metres.</li> </ul>

Use	Condition
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3600 square metres if it adjoins on two boundaries a road in a Road Zone.</li> </ul>
<b>Store</b>	Must be in a building, not a dwelling, and used to store equipment, goods, or motor vehicles used in conjunction with the occupation of a resident of a dwelling on the lot.
<b>Take away food premises</b>	The site must adjoin, or have access to, a road in a Road Zone.
<b>Utility installation (other than Minor utility installation and Telecommunications facility)</b>	
<b>Any other use not in Section 1 or 3</b>	

### Section 3 – Prohibited

Use
<b>Amusement parlour</b>
<b>Animal boarding</b>
<b>Animal training</b>
<b>Brothel</b>
<b>Cinema based entertainment facility</b>
<b>Horse stables</b>
<b>Industry (other than Car wash)</b>
<b>Intensive animal husbandry</b>
<b>Motor racing track</b>
<b>Nightclub</b>
<b>Office (other than Medical centre)</b>
<b>Retail premises (other than Community market, Convenience shop, Food and drink premises and Plant nursery)</b>
<b>Saleyard</b>
<b>Stone extraction</b>
<b>Transport terminal</b>
<b>Warehouse (other than Store)</b>

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### Subdivision

#### Permit requirement

A permit is required to subdivide land.

An application to subdivide land that creates a vacant lot capable of development for a dwelling or residential building, must ensure that each lot created contains the minimum garden area set out in Clause 32.09-4.

Where a vacant lot less than 400 square metres is created, that lot must contain at least 25 percent of the lot as garden area. This does not apply to land where an approved precinct structure plan or an equivalent strategic plan applies.

A schedule to this zone may specify a minimum lot size to subdivide land. Each lot must be at least the area specified for the land, except where an application to subdivide land is made to create lots each containing an existing dwelling or car parking space, where an application for the existing dwelling or car parking space was made or approved before the approval date of the planning scheme amendment that introduced this clause 32.09 into the planning scheme.

An application to subdivide land, other than an application to subdivide land into lots each containing an existing dwelling or car parking space, must meet the requirements of Clause 56 and:

- Must meet all of the objectives included in the clauses specified in the following table.
- Should meet all of the standards included in the clauses specified in the following table.

Class of subdivision	Objectives and standards to be met
60 or more lots	All except Clause 56.03-5.
16 – 59 lots	All except Clauses 56.03-1 to 56.03-3, 56.03-5, 56.06-1 and 56.06-3.
3 – 15 lots	All except Clauses 56.02-1, 56.03-1 to 56.03-4, 56.05-2, 56.06-1, 56.06-3 and 56.06-6.
2 lots	Clauses 56.03-5, 56.04-2, 56.04-3, 56.04-5, 56.06-8 to 56.09-2.

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## Construction or extension of a dwelling or residential building

### Minimum garden area requirement

Whether or not a planning permit is required for the construction or extension of a dwelling or residential building on a lot, a lot must provide the minimum garden area at ground level as set out in the following table:

Lot size	Minimum percentage of a lot set aside as garden area
400 - 500 square metres	25%
501 - 650 square metres	30%
Above 650 square metres	35%

### 32.09-5

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## Construction and extension of one dwelling on a lot

### Permit requirement

A permit is required to construct or extend one dwelling on:

- A lot of less than 300 square metres.
- A lot of less than the lot size specified in a schedule to this zone.

A permit is required to construct or extend a front fence within 3 metres of a street if:

- The fence is associated with one dwelling on:
  - A lot of less than 300 square metres, or

- A lot of less than the lot size specified in a schedule to this zone, and
- The fence exceeds the maximum height specified in Clause 54.06-2.

A development must meet the requirements of Clause 54.

### **No permit required**

No permit is required to:

- Construct or carry out works normal to a dwelling.
- Construct or extend an out-building (other than a garage or carport) on a lot provided the gross floor area of the out-building does not exceed 10 square metres and the maximum building height is not more than 3 metres above ground level.

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### **Construction and extension of two or more dwellings on a lot, dwellings on common property and residential buildings**

#### **Permit requirement**

A permit is required to:

- Construct a dwelling if there is at least one dwelling existing on the lot.
- Construct two or more dwellings on a lot.
- Extend a dwelling if there are two or more dwellings on the lot.
- Construct or extend a dwelling if it is on common property.
- Construct or extend a residential building.

A permit is required to construct or extend a front fence within 3 metres of a street if:

- The fence is associated with 2 or more dwellings on a lot or a residential building, and
- The fence exceeds the maximum height specified in Clause 55.06-2.

A development must meet the requirements of Clause 55.

A permit is not required to construct one dependent person's unit on a lot.

#### **Transitional provisions**

Clause 55 of this scheme, as in force immediately before the approval date of Amendment VC136, continues to apply to:

- An application for a planning permit lodged before that date.
- An application for an amendment of a permit under section 72 of the Act, if the original permit application was lodged before that date.

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### **Requirements of Clause 54 and Clause 55**

A schedule to this zone may specify the requirements of:

- Standards A3, A5, A6, A10, A11, A17 and A20 of Clause 54 of this scheme.
- Standards B6, B8, B9, B13, B17, B18, B28 and B32 of Clause 55 of this scheme.

If a requirement is not specified in a schedule to this zone, the requirement set out in the relevant standard of Clause 54 or Clause 55 applies.

### **32.09-8**

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#### **Buildings and works associated with a Section 2 use**

A permit is required to construct a building or construct or carry out works for a use in Section 2 of Clause 32.09-2.

### **32.09-9**

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#### **Maximum building height requirement for a dwelling or residential building**

A building must not be constructed for use as a dwelling or a residential building that:

- exceeds the maximum building height specified in a schedule to this zone; or
- contains more than the maximum number of storeys specified in a schedule to this zone.

If no maximum building height or maximum number of storeys is specified in a schedule to this zone:

- the building height must not exceed 9 metres; and
- the building must contain no more than 2 storeys at any point.

A building may exceed the applicable maximum building height or contain more than the applicable maximum number of storeys if:

- It replaces an immediately pre-existing building and the new building does not exceed the building height or contain a greater number of storeys than the pre-existing building.
- There are existing buildings on both abutting allotments that face the same street and the new building does not exceed the building height or contain a greater number of storeys than the lower of the existing buildings on the abutting allotments.
- It is on a corner lot abutted by lots with existing buildings and the new building does not exceed the building height or contain a greater number of storeys than the lower of the existing buildings on the abutting allotments.
- It is constructed pursuant to a valid building permit that was in effect prior to the introduction of this provision.

An extension to an existing building may exceed the applicable maximum building height or contain more than the applicable maximum number of storeys if it does not exceed the building height of the existing building or contain a greater number of storeys than the existing building.

A building may exceed the maximum building height by up to 1 metre if the slope of the natural ground level, measured at any cross section of the site of the building wider than 8 metres, is greater than 2.5 degrees.

A basement is not a storey for the purposes of calculating the number of storeys contained in a building.

The maximum building height and maximum number of storeys requirements in this zone or a schedule to this zone apply whether or not a planning permit is required for the construction of a building.

#### **Building height if land is subject to inundation**

If the land is in a Special Building Overlay, Land Subject to Inundation Overlay or is land liable to inundation the maximum building height specified in the zone or schedule to the zone is the vertical distance from the minimum floor level determined by the relevant drainage authority or floodplain management authority to the roof or parapet at any point.

### **32.09-10 Application requirements**

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An application must be accompanied by the following information, as appropriate:

- For a residential development, the neighbourhood and site description and design response as required in Clause 54 and Clause 55.
- For an application for subdivision, a site and context description and design response as required in Clause 56.
- Plans drawn to scale and dimensioned which show:
  - Site shape, size, dimensions and orientation.
  - The siting and use of existing and proposed buildings.
  - Adjacent buildings and uses, including siting and dimensioned setbacks.
  - The building form and scale.
  - Setbacks to property boundaries.
- The likely effects, if any, on adjoining land, including noise levels, traffic, the hours of delivery and despatch of good and materials, hours of operation and light spill, solar access and glare.
- Any other application requirements specified in a schedule to this zone.

If in the opinion of the responsible authority an application requirement is not relevant to the evaluation of an application, the responsible authority may waive or reduce the requirement.

### **32.09-11 Exemption from notice and review**

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#### **Subdivision**

An application to subdivide land into lots each containing an existing dwelling or car parking space is exempt from the notice requirements of Section 52(1)(a), (b) and (d), the decision requirements of Section 64(1), (2) and (3) and the review rights of Section 82(1) of the Act.

### **32.09-12 Decision guidelines**

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Before deciding on an application, in addition to the decision guidelines in Clause 65, the responsible authority must consider, as appropriate:

#### **General**

- The State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.
- The purpose of this zone.
- The objectives set out in the schedule to this zone.
- Any other decision guidelines specified in a schedule to this zone.

#### **Subdivision**

- The pattern of subdivision and its effect on the spacing of buildings.

- For subdivision of land for residential development, the objectives and standards of Clause 56.

### **Dwellings and residential buildings**

- For the construction and extension of one dwelling on a lot, the objectives, standards and decision guidelines of Clause 54.
- For the construction and extension of two or more dwellings on a lot, dwellings on common property and residential buildings, the objectives, standards and decision guidelines of Clause 55.

### **Non-residential use and development**

In the local neighbourhood context:

- Whether the use or development is compatible with residential use.
- Whether the use generally serves local community needs.
- The scale and intensity of the use and development.
- The design, height, setback and appearance of the proposed buildings and works.
- The proposed landscaping.
- The provision of car and bicycle parking and associated accessways.
- Any proposed loading and refuse collection facilities.
- The safety, efficiency and amenity effects of traffic to be generated by the proposal.

#### **32.09-13 Advertising signs**

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Advertising sign requirements are at Clause 52.05. This zone is in Category 3.

#### **32.09-14 Transitional provisions**

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The minimum garden area requirement of Clause 32.09-4 and the maximum building height and number of storeys requirements of Clause 32.09-9 introduced by Amendment VC110 do not apply to:

- A dwelling or residential building constructed on a lot before the approval date of Amendment VC110.
- A planning permit application for the construction or extension of a dwelling or residential building lodged before the approval date of Amendment VC110.
- Where a planning permit is not required for the construction or extension of a dwelling or residential building:
  - A building permit issued for the construction or extension of a dwelling or residential building before the approval date of Amendment VC110.
  - A building surveyor has been appointed to issue a building permit for the construction or extension of a dwelling or residential building before the approval date of Amendment VC110. A building permit must be issued within 12 months of the approval date of Amendment VC110.
  - A building surveyor is satisfied, and certifies in writing, that substantial progress was made on the design of the construction or extension of a dwelling or residential



building before the approval date of Amendment VC110. A building permit must be issued within 12 months of the approval date of Amendment VC110.

The minimum garden area requirement of Clause 32.09-4 introduced by Amendment VC110 does not apply to a planning permit application to subdivide land for a dwelling or a residential building lodged before the approval date of Amendment VC110.

*Notes: Refer to the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement, for strategies and policies which may affect the use and development of land.*

*Check whether an overlay also applies to the land.*

*Other requirements may also apply. These can be found at Particular Provisions.*