EROSION MANAGEMENT OVERLAY

Shown on the planning scheme map as EMO with a number (if shown).

Purpose

To implement the Municipal Planning Strategy and the Planning Policy Framework.
To protect areas prone to erosion, landslip or other land degradation processes, by minimising land disturbance and inappropriate development.

Erosion management objectives and statement of risk

A schedule to this overlay may contain:

- Erosion management objectives to be achieved.
- A statement of risk.

Buildings and works

A permit is required to construct a building or construct or carry out works, including:

- Roadworks.
- Buildings and works associated with a dependent person’s unit.
- A domestic swimming pool or spa and associated mechanical and safety equipment.
- Any matter specified in Clause 62.02-2 if specified in a schedule to this overlay.

This does not apply if a schedule to this overlay specifically states that a permit is not required.

VicSmart applications

Subject to Clause 71.06, an application under this clause for a development specified in Column 1 is a class of VicSmart application and must be assessed against the provision specified in Column 2.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class of application</th>
<th>Information requirements and decision guidelines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Construct a fence.</td>
<td>Clause 59.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construct a building or construct or carry out works for:</td>
<td>Clause 59.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- A carport, garage, pergola, verandah, deck, shed or similar structure.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>- A rainwater tank.</td>
<td>The buildings and works must be associated with a dwelling.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Vegetation removal

A permit is required to remove, destroy or lop any vegetation. This does not apply:

- If a schedule to this overlay specifically states that a permit is not required.
- If the table to Clause 44.01-4 specifically states that a permit is not required.
- To the removal, destruction or lopping of native vegetation in accordance with a native vegetation precinct plan specified in the schedule to Clause 52.16.
### Table of exemptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Requirement to obtain a permit does not apply to:</th>
<th>Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| **Emergency works**                              | - in an emergency by, or on behalf of, a public authority or municipal council to create an emergency access or to enable emergency works; or  
- where it presents an immediate risk of personal injury or damage to property. Only that part of the vegetation that presents the immediate risk may be removed, destroyed or lopped under this exemption. |
| **Fire protection**                              | - fire fighting;  
- planned burning;  
- making or maintenance of a fuelbreak or fire fighting access track (or any combination thereof) that does not exceed a combined width of 6 metres;  
- making of a strategic fuelbreak up to 40 metres wide by, or on behalf of, a public authority in accordance with a strategic fuelbreak plan approved by the Secretary to the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (as constituted under Part 2 of the Conservation, Forests and Lands Act 1987);  
- is ground fuel within 30 metres of a building and is vegetation other than native vegetation;  
- in accordance with a fire prevention notice issued under either:  
  - Section 65 of the Forests Act 1958; or  
  - Section 41 of the Country Fire Authority Act 1958.  
- keeping vegetation clear of, or minimising the risk of bushfire ignition from, an electric line in accordance with a code of practice prepared under Part 8 of the Electricity Safety Act 1998;  
- minimising the risk to life and property from bushfire on a roadside of a public road managed by the relevant responsible road authority, and carried out by, or on behalf of that authority in accordance with the written agreement of the Secretary to the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (as constituted under Part 2 of the Conservation, Forests and Lands Act 1987). In this exemption, roadside, public road and responsible road authority have the same meanings as in section 3 of the Road Management Act 2004.  
  
**Note:** Additional permit exemptions for bushfire protection are provided at Clause 52.12.  
- Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary in accordance with an operation plan approved under the Geothermal Energy Resources Act 2005.  
- Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary in accordance with an operation plan approved under the Greenhouse Gas Geological Sequestration Act 2008.  
- Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary to comply with a land management notice or directions notice served under the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994.  
- Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary to comply with a land use condition served under the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994.  
- Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary by the holder of an exploration, mining, prospecting, or retention licence issued under the Mineral Resources (Sustainable Development) Act 1990:  
  - that is low impact exploration within the meaning of Schedule 4A of the Mineral Resources (Sustainable Development) Act 1990; or  
  - in accordance with a work plan approved under Part 3 of the Mineral Resources (Sustainable Development) Act 1990. |
The requirement to obtain a permit does not apply to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Noxious weeds</td>
<td>Vegetation that is a noxious weed subject of a declaration under section 58 or section 58A of the Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994. This exemption does not apply to Australian Dodder (Cuscuta australis).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pest animal burrows</td>
<td>Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary to enable the removal of pest animal burrows. In the case of native vegetation the written agreement of an officer of the department responsible for administering the Flora and Fauna Guarantee Act 1988 is required before the vegetation can be removed, destroyed or lopped.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Planted vegetation</td>
<td>Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped that was either planted or grown as a result of direct seeding for Crop raising or Grazing animal production.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Railways</td>
<td>Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary to enable the safe and efficient function of an existing railway, or railway access road, in accordance with the written agreement of the Secretary to the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (as constituted under Part 2 of the Conservation, Forests and Lands Act 1987).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Regrowth                  | Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped that has naturally established or regenerated on land lawfully cleared of naturally established vegetation, and is:  
  - bracken (Pteridium esculentum); or  
  - within the boundary of a timber production plantation, as indicated on a Plantation Development Notice or other documented record, and has established after the plantation.  
  This exemption does not apply to land on which vegetation has been destroyed or otherwise damaged as a result of flood, fire or other natural disaster. |
| Road safety               | Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary by or on behalf of a public authority or municipal council to maintain the safe and efficient function of an existing public road in accordance with the written agreement of the Secretary to the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (as constituted under Part 2 of the Conservation, Forests and Lands Act 1987). |
| Stone exploration         | Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary to enable the carrying out of Stone exploration.  
  The maximum extent of vegetation removed, destroyed or lopped under this exemption on contiguous land in the same ownership in a five year period must not exceed any of the following:  
  - 1 hectare of vegetation which does not include a tree.  
  - 15 trees with a trunk diameter of less than 40 centimetres at a height of 1.3 metres above ground level.  
  - 5 trees with a trunk diameter of 40 centimetres or more at a height of 1.3 metres above ground level.  
  This exemption does not apply to costeasing and bulk sampling activities. |
| Stone extraction          | Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary to enable the carrying out of Stone extraction in accordance with a work plan approved under the Mineral Resources (Sustainable Development) Act 1990 and authorised by a work authority granted under that Act. |
| Surveying                 | Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped to the minimum extent necessary by, or on behalf of, a licensed surveyor (within the meaning of section 3 of the Surveying Act 2004) using hand-held tools to establish a sightline for the measurement of land. |
| Traditional owners        | Vegetation that is to be removed, destroyed or lopped by a person acting under, and in accordance with: |
The requirement to obtain a permit does not apply to:

- a natural resources agreement under Part 6 of the *Traditional Owners Settlement Act 2010*; or
- an authorisation order made under sections 82 or 84 of the *Traditional Owner Settlement Act 2010* as those sections were in force immediately before the commencement of section 24 of the *Traditional owners Settlement Amendment Act* in 2016 (1 May 2017).

**Subdivision**

A permit is required to subdivide land.

**Application requirements**

An application must be accompanied by any information specified in a schedule to this overlay and information showing:

- The existing site conditions, including land gradient and the extent of any existing erosion, landslip or other land degradation.
- The extent of any proposed earthworks.
- The means proposed to stabilise disturbed areas.
- Any other application requirements specified in a schedule to this overlay.

**Exemption from notice and review**

An application under this overlay is exempt from the notice requirements of sSection 52(1)(a), (b) and (d), the decision requirements of section 64(1), (2) and (3) and the review rights of section 82(1) of the Act.

**Decision guidelines**

Before deciding on an application, in addition to the decision guidelines in Clause 65, the responsible authority must consider, as appropriate:

- Regional Catchment Strategy *(Catchment and Land Protection Act 1994)*.
- Control of Erosion on Construction Sites, Soil Conservation Authority.
- Your Dam, an Asset or a Liability, Department of Conservation and Natural Resources.
- Any proposed measures to manage concentrated runoff and site drainage.
- Any proposed measures to minimise the extent of soil disturbance.
- Whether the removal of vegetation will increase the possibility of erosion, the susceptibility to landslip or other land degradation processes, and whether such removal is consistent with sustainable land management.
- The need to stabilise disturbed areas by engineering works or revegetation.
- Whether the land is capable of providing a building envelope which is not subject to high or severe erosion concern.
- Whether buildings or works are likely to cause erosion or landslip.
- Whether access and servicing of the site or building envelope is likely to result in erosion or landslip.
- Land Capability Report (if prepared) as developed by the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning.
- The need to remove, destroy or lop vegetation to create defendable space to reduce the risk of bushfire to life and property.
- Any technical information or reports required to be provided by a schedule to this overlay.
- Any other matters specified in a schedule to this overlay.